

Version number: 3.0

# SECTION 1: Identification

# 1.1 **Product identifier**

Trade name

SELVOL<sup>™</sup> Polyvinyl alcohol, 5-30% solutions Grades: 12-523, 21-205, 24-203, 09-523, 09-425, 05-540

# 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

# **Relevant identified uses**

Chemical intermediate (including monomers), Auxiliary for leather, Auxiliary for textil, packaging, Surfactant, Adhesives industry, Food industry

# **1.3** Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Sekisui Specialty Chemicals America, LLC 1501 LBJ Freeway, Suite 530 Dallas, TX 75234, United States Telephone: +1-972-277-2900 Website: www.sekisui-sc.com

# 1.4 Emergency telephone number

### Poison center

r olson center		
Country	Name	Telephone
-	CHEMTREC International (outside USA)	1-703-527-3887
United States	CHEMTREC USA	(800) 424-9300

As above or nearest toxicological information centre.

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Classifica	ation			
Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment
A.4S	skin sensitization	1	Skin Sens. 1	H317

#### Version number: 3.0

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Pictograms

GHS07



#### **Hazard statements**

**H317** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### **Precautionary statements**

P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P272	Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/interna-
	tional regulations.

# Hazardous ingredients for labelling

reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)

# 2.3 Other hazards

Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\ge 0.1\%$ .

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture).

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Version number: 3.0

#### Description of the mixture

Hazardous ingr	edients					
Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes	Specific Conc. Limits
methanol	CAS No 67-56-1	0.001 – 0. 1	Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute Tox. 3 / H311 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 STOT SE 1 / H370 Flam. Liq. 2 / H225		-	-
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-iso- thiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS No 55965-84-9	0.0015 - < 0.06	Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute Tox. 2 / H310 Acute Tox. 2 / H330 Skin Corr. 1C / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Skin Sens. 1A / H317 EUH071		-	Skin Corr. 1C; H314: $C \ge 0.6 \%$ Skin Irrit. 2; H315: $0.06 \% \le C$ < 0.6 % Eye Dam. 1; H318: $C \ge 0.6 \%$ Eye Irrit. 2; H319: $0.06 \% \le C < 0.6 \%$ Skin Sens. 1A; H317: $C \ge 0.0015$ %

For full text of H-phrases: see SECTION 16

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

# **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### **General notes**

Self-protection of the first aider.

Remove affected person from the danger area and lay down.

Do not leave affected person unattended.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

# **Following inhalation**

Provide fresh air.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions.

#### Version number: 3.0

# Following skin contact

After contact with skin, take off immediately all contaminated clothing, and wash immediately with plenty of water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

#### Notes for the doctor

None.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

### Suitable extinguishing media

water spray, alcohol resistant foam, fire extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. Hazardous decomposition products: Section 10.

#### Hazardous combustion products

carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### Version number: 3.0

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Keep containers cool with water spray. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

#### Special protective equipment for firefighters

chemical protective clothing, Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

Ventilate affected area.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

Wearing of suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing.

#### For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

In case of formation of gases/vapors/mists suppress with water spray Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Collect spillage. Absorbent material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust, etc.).

#### Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### Version number: 3.0

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapor/spray.

#### Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

#### Specific notes/details

None.

#### Handling of incompatible substances or mixtures

Do not mix with oxidizer

#### Keep away from

metals, peroxides, perchlorates, nitrates

#### Measures to protect the environment

Avoid release to the environment.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Wash hands after use. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### **Flammability hazards**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

#### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Incompatible materials: see section 10. Observe compatible storage of chemicals.

#### Protect against external exposure, such as

heat, frost

#### Version number: 3.0

# **Consideration of other advice**

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### **Ventilation requirements**

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

#### Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### **Packaging compatibilities**

Keep only in original container.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 **Control parameters**

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, a TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

Occup	Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)										
Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Nota- tion	Source		
US	methanol	67-56-1	TLV®	200	-	250	-	Н	ACGIH® 2023		
US	methyl alcohol	67-56-1	REL	200 (10 h)	260 (10 h)	250	325	-	NIOSH REL		
US	methyl alcohol	67-56-1	PEL	200	260	-	-	-	29 CFR 1910.1000		
US	methyl alcohol (methanol)	67-56-1	PEL (CA)	200	260	250	325	-	Cal/OSHA PEL		

#### Notation

Н absorbed through the skin

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified

#### Version number: 3.0

Biolog	ical limit values						
Coun- try	Name of agent	Parameter	Nota- tion	Identifi- er	Value	Material	Source
US	methanol	methanol	-	BEI®	15 mg/l	urine	ACGIH® 2023

# 8.2 Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

Use local and general ventilation.

### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### **Eye/face protection**

Wear eye/face protection.

# Hand protection

Protective gloves		
Material	Material thickness	Breakthrough times of the glove material
CR: chloroprene (chlorobutadiene) rubber	no information available	no information available

#### Wear suitable gloves.

Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use.

### **Body protection**

Protective clothing against liquid chemicals.

### **Respiratory protection**

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

# **Environmental exposure controls**

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

#### Version number: 3.0

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# Information on basic physical and chemical properties 9.1 Appearance **Physical state** liquid (viscous) Color colourless to yellowish Odor odorless **Odor threshold** not determined Other safety parameters pH (value) 5 – 7.5 (in aqueous solution: 100 g/) Melting point/freezing point not determined Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 100 °C range **Flash point** not determined **Evaporation rate** not determined Flammability (solid, gas) not relevant (fluid) **Explosive limits** not determined not determined Vapor pressure 1.02 – 1.05 <sup>g</sup>/<sub>cm<sup>3</sup></sub> at 20 °C Density 1.02 – 1.05 at 20 °C (water = 1) Relative density Relative vapour density this information is not available Solubility(ies) Water solubility not miscible in any proportion **Partition coefficient** n-octanol/water (log KOW) not determined Auto-ignition temperature not determined **Decomposition temperature** not relevant

#### Version number: 3.0

Viscosity	
Kinematic viscosity	not determined
Dynamic viscosity	not determined
Explosive properties	none
Oxidizing properties	none
Information for relevant hazard classes according to GHS	hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant
Other information	there is no additional information

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

9.2

This material is not reactive under normal ambient conditions.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure. See below "Conditions to avoid".

#### **10.3** Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

#### **10.5** Incompatible materials

oxidizers, metal, peroxides, perchlorates, nitrate

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Classification procedure**

If not otherwise specified the classification is based on: Ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

#### Version number: 3.0

# Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

# Acute toxicity

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

#### Acute toxicity of components

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components								
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE					
methanol	67-56-1	oral	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>					
methanol	67-56-1	dermal	300 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>					
methanol	67-56-1	inhalation: vapor	3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h					
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-iso- thiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	oral	64 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>					
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-iso- thiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	dermal	87.12 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>					
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-iso- thiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	inhalation: dust/mist	0.171 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h					

Acute toxicity of components
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Name of substance	CAS No	Expos- ure route	End- point	Value	Species	Method	Source
methanol	67-56-1	oral	LD50	1,187 – 2, 769 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat	-	ECHA
methanol	67-56-1	dermal	LD50	17,100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit	-	ECHA
reaction mass of: 5- chloro-2-methyl-4-iso- thiazolin-3-one and 2- methyl-2H -isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	oral	LD50	64 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rat	-	ECHA
reaction mass of: 5- chloro-2-methyl-4-iso- thiazolin-3-one and 2- methyl-2H -isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	dermal	LD50	87.12 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	rabbit, male	-	ECHA

Version number: 3.0

Acute toxicity of components							
Name of substance	CAS No	Expos- ure route	End- point	Value	Species	Method	Source
reaction mass of: 5- chloro-2-methyl-4-iso- thiazolin-3-one and 2- methyl-2H -isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	inhala- tion: dust/ mist	LC50	0.171 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	rat	OECD Guideline 403	ECHA

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

### Respiratory or skin sensitization Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### **Respiratory sensitization**

Classification could not be established because: Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Classification could not be established because: Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### IARC Monographs

None of the ingredients are listed.

### **National Toxicology Program (United States)**

None of the ingredients are listed.

#### **OSHA Carcinogens**

None of the ingredients are listed.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Classification could not be established because: Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

#### Version number: 3.0

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Classification could not be established because: Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Classification could not be established because: Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

# 11.2 Other information

There is no additional information.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

#### Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Expos- ure time	Value	Species	Method	Source
methanol	67-56-1	LC50	96 h	15,400 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	bluegill (Lepomis mac- rochirus)	EPA-660/3- 75-009	ECHA
methanol	67-56-1	EC50	96 h	12,700 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	bluegill (Lepomis mac- rochirus)	EPA-660/3- 75-009	ECHA
methanol	67-56-1	EC50	96 h	18,260 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202	ECHA
methanol	67-56-1	ErC50	96 h	~22,000 <sup>mg</sup> / I	algae (pseudokirch- neriella subcap- itata)	OECD Guideline 201	ECHA
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-iso- thiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl- 2H -isothiazol- 3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	LC50	96 h	0.19 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	EPA OPP 72-1	ECHA

#### Version number: 3.0

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Expos- ure time	Value	Species	Method	Source
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-iso- thiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl- 2H -isothiazol- 3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	EC50	48 h	0.007 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	crustacea: Acartia tonsa	-	ECHA
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-iso- thiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl- 2H -isothiazol- 3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	ErC50	72 h	6.3 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae (Skelet- onema cost- atum)	OECD Guideline 201	ECHA

# Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Expos- ure time	Value	Species	Method	Source
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-iso- thiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl- 2H -isothiazol- 3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	LC50	14 d	0.07 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	OECD Guideline 204	ECHA
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-iso- thiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl- 2H -isothiazol- 3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	EC50	21 d	>0.18 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	daphnia magna	EPA OPP 72-4	ECHA
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-iso- thiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl- 2H -isothiazol- 3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	NOEC	72 h	1.4 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae (pseudokirch- neriella subcap- itata)	OECD Guideline 201	ECHA

#### Version number: 3.0

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Expos- ure time	Value	Species	Method	Source
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-iso- thiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl- 2H -isothiazol- 3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	NOEC	35 d	≥46.4 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	zebra fish (Danio rerio)	OECD Guideline 210	ECHA
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-iso- thiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl- 2H -isothiazol- 3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	NOEC	21 d	11.1 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 211	ECHA
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-iso- thiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl- 2H -isothiazol- 3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	NOEC	3 h	0.91 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	activated sludge of a pre- dominantly do- mestic sewage	OECD Guideline 209	ECHA
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-iso- thiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl- 2H -isothiazol- 3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	LOEC	28 d	0.144 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	OECD Guideline 215	ECHA

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

# **Biodegradation**

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

# Degradability of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method	Source
methanol	67-56-1	oxygen deple- tion	95 %	20 d	_	ECHA

#### Version number: 3.0

Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method	Source
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-iso- thiazolin-3- one and 2- methyl-2H - isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	carbon diox- ide generation	38.8 %	29 d	OECD Guideline 301 B	ECHA

#### Persistence

No data available.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

# **Bioaccumulative potential of components**

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW
methanol	67-56-1	<10	-0.77
reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3- one and 2-methyl-2H -iso- thiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	-	≥-0.34 – ≤0.63 (pH value: 7, 10 °C)

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\ge$  0.1%.

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

#### Remarks

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

#### Version number: 3.0

#### Waste treatment of containers/packages

Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

#### Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

SECT	ON 14: Transport information	
14.1	UN number	not assigned
14.2	UN proper shipping name	-
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	-
14.4	Packing group	-
14.5	Environmental hazards	-
14.6	Special precautions for user	-
14.7	Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	-

### 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

### Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) Additional information

Not subject to transport regulations.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

**National regulations (United States)** 

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)Not all ingredients are listed (ACTIVE)

### Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III )

# The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

None of the ingredients are listed

#### Version number: 3.0

#### **Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313)**

Toxics Release Inventory: Specific Toxic Chemical Listings							
Name of substance Name acc. to inventory CAS No Remarks Effective date							
methanol	methanol	67-56-1	-	1987-01-01			

### Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

# List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Remarks	Stat- utory code	Final RQ pounds (Kg)
methanol	Methanol; Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	-	3 4	5000 (2270)

#### Legend

- 3 "3" indicates that the source is section 112 of the Clean Air Act
- 4 "4" indicates that the source is section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)

# **Clean Air Act**

None of the ingredients are listed

#### **Right to Know Hazardous Substance List**

#### **Toxic or Hazardous Substance List (MA-TURA)**

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	DEP CODE	PBT / HHS / LHS	PBT / HHS Thres hold	De Minimis Concentra- tion Threshold
methanol	Methanol	67-56-1	-	-	-	1.0 %

#### Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	Name acc. to in- ventory	CAS No	Remarks	Classifica- tions	Lis- ted in	Sub- stanc e num- ber	DOT num- ber
methanol	methyl alcohol (meth- anol) (methanol)	67-56- 1	-	TE F3.	1 2 3 4 6	1222	1230

#### Version number: 3.0

Name of substance	Name acc. to in- ventory	CAS No	Remarks	Classifica- tions	Lis- ted in	Sub- stanc e num- ber	DOT num- ber
					8 15 17 18 20 21		
methyl acetate	methyl acetate (acetic acid, methyl ester)	79-20- 9	-	F3.	1 2 3 4 15 17	1217	1231

#### Legend

- 1 Occupational Safety and Health Administration, 29 CFR 1910-Occupational Safety and Health Standards, Subpart Z-Toxicand Hazardous Substances, July 1, 2008.
- 15 "Fire Protection Guide to Hazardous Materials," N FPA 49 (Hazardous Chemicals Data), NFPA 325 (Guide to Fire Hazard Properties of Flammable Liquids, Gases, and Volatile Solids), and NFPA 704 (Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response), National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), 2001.
- 17 "2008 Emergency Response Guidebook," Research and Special Programs Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation, 2008.
- 18 List of Toxics Release Inventory Chemicals, Section 313, Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act (EPCRA), Toxics Release Inventory (TRI) Program, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 40 CFR 372.65, July 1, 2008.
- 2 "2009 TLVs® and BEIs®, Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices," American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), 2009.
- 20 List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (RQ), Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 40 CFR 302, Table 302.4, July 1, 2008.
- 21 21. Hazardous Wastes from the P and U Lists, Resource Conserva tion and Recovery Act (RCRA), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 40 CFR 261.33, July 1, 2008.
- 3 Office of Hazardous Materials Safety, Research and Special Programs Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation, 49 CFR 172.101-Hazardous Materials Table, October 1, 2008.
- 4 "NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards," National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, No. 2005-149, September 2005.
- 6 "Environmental Hazardous Substance List," New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, N.J.A.C. 7:1G-2, as printed in the Community Right to Know Survey Instruction Book, 2008.
- 8 Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) Database for Risk Assessment, Office of Research and Development, National Center for Environmental Assessment, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), September 2008.
- F3 Flammable Third Degree
- TE Teratogenic

#### Version number: 3.0

# Hazardous Substance List (Chapter 323) (PA-RTK)

Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Classification
METHANOL	67-56-1	E

#### Legend

E Environmental hazard

#### Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK)

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	References
methanol	methyl alcohol	67-56-1	T, F
methyl acetate	methyl acetate	79-20-9	T, F

Legend

F Flammability (NFPA®)

T Toxicity (ACGIH®)

# California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

Proposition 65 List of chemicals			
Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Remarks	Type of the toxicity
methanol	67-56-1	-	developmental

# Drug precursors, Chemicals designated within the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. § 802, paragraphs 34 (list I) and 35 (list II)

None of the ingredients are listed

### Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

# NPCA-HMIS® III

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	2	temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	0	material that will not burn under typical fire conditions
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	-

#### Version number: 3.0

# **NFPA® 704**

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	1	material that must be preheated before ignition can occur
Health	2	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard	-	_

# SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Date of preparation: 2023-09-13 Date of last revision: 2024-02-07.

# Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazard- ous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
ACGIH®	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ACGIH® 2023	From ACGIH®, 2023 TLVs® and BEIs® Book. Copyright 2023. Reprinted with permission. Informa- tion on the proper use of the TLVs® and BEIs®: http://www.acgih.org/tlv-bei-guidelines/policies-pro- cedures-presentations/tlv-bei-position-statement
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical sub- stances)
DEP CODE	Department of Environmental Protection Code
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance caus- ing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control

#### Version number: 3.0

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
HHS	Higher hazard substance
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IARC Mono- graphs	IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans
ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality dur- ing a specified time interval
LHS	Lower hazard substance
LOEC	Lowest Observed Effect Concentration
log KOW	n-Octanol/water
NFPA®	National Fire Protection Association (United States)
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
РВТ	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
ppm	Parts per million
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin

#### Version number: 3.0

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitization
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
TLV®	Threshold Limit Values
TWA	Time-weighted average
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

# Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

# **Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

# List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H370	Causes damage to organs.

Version number: 3.0

# Responsible for the safety data sheet

Chemical Regulatory Compliance Com-<br/>panyTelephone: +1 (630) 410-1660panye-Mail: GHS@crc-us.comJasper, GAWebsite: www.crc-us.comUSA

### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.