

Selvol Ultalux AD

Version number: 3.0
Replaces version of: 2013-08-06 (1)

Revision: 2025-10-01
First version: 2013-08-06

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance	Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with N-ethenyl-formamide, hydrolyzed, amine containing
Trade name	<u>Selvol Ultalux AD</u>
CAS number	163879-68-3

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Personal care product
---------------------------------	-----------------------

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Sekisui Specialty Chemicals Europe S.L. Carretera Nacional 340 Km. 1157 43080 Tarragona Spain	Telephone: ++34 9775 49899 Telefax: ++34 9775 44982
e-mail (competent person)	MSDS@sekisui-sc.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information	++1 703 527 3887
As above or nearest toxicological information centre.	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (acc. to GB CLP)

Classification				
Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard state-ment
3.1I	acute toxicity (inhal.)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H332
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (acc. to GB CLP)

Selvol Ultalux AD

Version number: 3.0

Revision: 2025-10-01

Signal word warning

Pictograms

GHS07



Hazard statements

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

Precautionary statements

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Additional labelling requirements see section 15 of the safety data sheet

2.3 Other hazards

Dust explosion hazards.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Name of substance Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with N-ethenyl-formamide, hydrolyzed, amine containing

Identifiers

CAS No 163879-68-3

Purity >86.1 %

Impurities and additives		
Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%
methanol	CAS No 67-56-1 EC No	0.3 – < 1

Selvol Ultalux AD

Version number: 3.0

Revision: 2025-10-01

Impurities and additives		
Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%
	200-659-6	

concentration limit, M-factor, ATE

Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
-	-	1.22 mg _I /4h	inhalation: dust/mist

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General notes

Self-protection of the first aider.

Remove affected person from the danger area and lay down.

Do not leave affected person unattended.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following inhalation

Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Mouth to mouth resuscitation should be avoided. Use alternative methods, preferably with oxygen or compressed air driven apparatus.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Notes for the doctor

None.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

This information is not available.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

water, foam, alcohol resistant foam, fire extinguishing powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible.

Hazardous decomposition products: Section 10.

Danger of dust explosion.

Hazardous combustion products

carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO₂), pyrolysis products, toxic

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Keep containers cool with water spray.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings.

Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses.

Collect contaminated firefighting water separately.

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus (EN 133)

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

Ventilate affected area.

Control of dust.

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Wearing of suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Knock down dust with water spray.

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Take up mechanically.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically.

Collect spillage.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal.

Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

Personal protective equipment: see section 8.

Incompatible materials: see section 10.

Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Removal of dust deposits.

Only vacuum cleaners containing no ignition sources may be used for combustible dusts.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Specific notes/details

Layers, deposits and heaps of combustible dust must be considered, like any other source which can form a hazardous explosive atmosphere.

Danger of dust explosion.

Handling of incompatible substances or mixtures

Do not mix with oxidiser

Measures to protect the environment

Avoid release to the environment.

Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas.

Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Explosive atmospheres

Removal of dust deposits.

Only vacuum cleaners containing no ignition sources may be used for combustible dusts.

Flammability hazards

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Incompatible materials: see section 10.

Protect against external exposure, such as

heat, frost

Consideration of other advice

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted.

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place.

Keep cool.

Packaging compatibilities

Keep only in original container.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)									
Country	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m ³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m ³]	Notation	Source
EU	methanol	67-56-1	IOELV	200	260	-	-	H	2006/15/EC
GB	methanol	67-56-1	WEL	200	266	250	333	H	EH40/2005

Notation

H absorbed through the skin

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of

Notation

8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Human health values

Relevant DNELs of components						
Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	130 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	130 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
methanol	67-56-1	DNEL	20 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

8.2 Exposure controls**Appropriate engineering controls**

Use local and general ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)**Eye/face protection**

Wear eye/face protection. (EN 166)

Hand protection

Protective gloves		
Material	Material thickness	Breakthrough times of the glove material
IIR: isobutene-isoprene (butyl) rubber	no information available	no information available
NR: natural rubber, latex	no information available	no information available

Wear suitable gloves.

Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374.

Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use.

For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Body protection

Protective clothing for use against solid particulates.

(EN 13832, EN 340, EN 13034, EN 14605).

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Particle filter device (DIN EN 143).

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination.

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	solid
Colour	whitish
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	230 – 240 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
Flammability	this material is combustible, but will not ignite readily
Lower and upper explosion limit	not applicable (solid)
Flash point	not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	not applicable (solid)
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	4.5 – 6.5 (in aqueous solution: 40 g/l, 20 °C)
Viscosity	not relevant (solid)
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	soluble in hot water
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	not determined
Vapour pressure	not determined
Density and/or relative density	
Density	not determined
Relative vapour density	not relevant (solid)
Bulk density	610 – 670 kg/m ³
Particle characteristics	no data available

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant
---	--

Other safety characteristics

there is no additional information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**10.1 Reactivity**

No information available.

10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Danger of dust explosion.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Control of dust.

10.5 Incompatible materials

oxidisers

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known.

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information**11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

If not otherwise specified the classification is based on:

Animal studies; Evidence from any other toxicity tests; Expert judgement (weight of evidence determination).

Classification acc. to GHS**Acute toxicity**

Harmful if inhaled.

Acute toxicity of components

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components			
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
methanol	67-56-1	oral	100 mg/kg
methanol	67-56-1	dermal	300 mg/kg
methanol	67-56-1	inhalation: vapour	3 mg/l/4h

Acute toxicity of components							
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	End-point	Value	Species	Method	Source
methanol	67-56-1	oral	LD50	1,187 – 2,769 mg/kg	rat	-	ECHA
methanol	67-56-1	dermal	LD50	17,100 mg/kg	rabbit	-	ECHA

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation**Skin sensitisation**

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Respiratory sensitisation

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Carcinogenicity

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Classification could not be established because:

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Endocrine disruptor for human health

Shall not be classified as an endocrine disruptor for human health.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Not listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Exposure time	Value	Species	Method	Source
methanol	67-56-1	LC50	96 h	15,400 mg/l	bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	EPA-660/3-75-009	ECHA Chem
methanol	67-56-1	EC50	96 h	12,700 mg/l	bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	EPA-660/3-75-009	ECHA Chem
methanol	67-56-1	EC50	96 h	18,260 mg/l	daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202	ECHA Chem
methanol	67-56-1	ErC50	96 h	~22,000 mg/l	algae (raphidocelis subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201	ECHA

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

No data available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradation

No data available.

Degradability of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method	Source
methanol	67-56-1	oxygen depletion	95 %	20 d	-	ECHA

Persistence

No data available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential of components

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW
methanol	67-56-1	<10	-0.77

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are lacking, inconclusive, or conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Shall not be classified as an endocrine disruptor for the environment.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available.

Remarks

Wassergefährdungsklasse, WGK (water hazard class): 2.

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	not subject to transport regulations
14.2	UN proper shipping name	-
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	-
14.4	Packing group	-
14.5	Environmental hazards	-
14.6	Special precautions for user	-
14.7	Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	-

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)****Seveso Directive**

Not assigned.

Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

Not listed.

Regulation on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

Not listed.

Regulation on drug precursors

Not listed.

Regulation on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS)

Not listed.

Regulation concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

Not listed.

Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

Not listed.

National regulations (GB)**List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list**

Not listed

Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17

Dangerous substances with restrictions (GB REACH, Annex 17)			
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Conditions of restriction
methanol	Methanol	67-56-1	R69
methanol	this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC	-	R3
methanol	flammable / pyrophoric	-	R40

Legend

R3

1. Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental as-

Legend

- pects,
2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
3. Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they:
- can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and,
 - present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with R65 or H304,
4. Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the British Standard Specification on Decorative oil lamps (BS EN 14059) adopted by the British Standards Institute.
5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other legislation relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met:
- (a) lamp oils, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: 'Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children'; and, by 1 December 2010 'Just a sip of lamp oil
- or even sucking the wick of lamps
 - may lead to life-threatening lung damage';
- (b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter may lead to life-threatening lung damage';
- (c) lamp oils and grill lighters, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.
7. Natural or legal persons placing on the market for the first time lamp oils and grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, shall by 1 December 2011, and annually thereafter, provide data on alternatives to lamp oils and grill lighter fluids labelled R65 or H304 to the Agency.
- R40 1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:
- metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
 - artificial snow and frost,
 - 'whoopie' cushions,
 - silly string aerosols,
 - imitation excrement,
 - horns for parties,
 - decorative flakes and foams,
 - artificial cobwebs,
 - stink bombs.
2. Without prejudice to the application of other legislation on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:
- 'For professional users only'.
3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC (***).
4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.
- (***) OJ L 147, 9.6.1975, p. 40.
- R69 Shall not be placed on the market to the general public after 9 May 2019 in windscreen washing or defrosting fluids, in a concentration equal to or greater than 0.6 % by weight.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Indication of changes: Section 2, 3, 8, 15

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
2006/15/EC	Commission Directive establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
GB CLP	The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/720 (as amended)
GB REACH	The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as amended)
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IOELV	Indicative occupational exposure limit value
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval

Selvol Ultalux AD

Version number: 3.0

Revision: 2025-10-01

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
log KOW	n-Octanol/water
M-factor	Means a multiplying factor. It is applied to the concentration of a substance classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment acute category 1 or chronic category 1, and is used to derive by the summation method the classification of a mixture in which the substance is present
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WEL	Workplace exposure limit

Key literature references and sources for data

The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as amended).

The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/720 (as amended).

GB mandatory classification and labelling.

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR).

Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID).

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG).

Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.

Responsible for the safety data sheet

C.S.B. GmbH
Dujardinstr. 5
47829 Krefeld
Germany

Telephone: +49 (0) 2151 - 652086 - 0
Telefax: +49 (0) 2151 - 652086 - 9
e-Mail: info@csb-compliance.com
Website: www.csb-compliance.com

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge.

This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.