Durastream[™]

Durastream CPVC Compound for Profiles



ADVANTAGE OF

CPVC PRODUCTS

High quality Durastream CPVC is heat resistant, flame retardant compound, available in a variety of colors perfect for building components like siding substrates, windows, doors, ceilings, and fences.

Parts made of Durastream compounds maintain shape and color without deformation and physical property, even under elevated temperatures. The cost efficiency of Durastream products can be seen initially during manufacturing, and long term through longevity of components.

HIGH HEAT RESISTANCE

Heat Resistance is 10-40 higher than PVC, resulting in less shrinkage

GREAT FLAME RESISTANCE

Burning CPVC will self extinguish under normal atmospheric condition of oxygen

LESS SHRINKAGE WITH ELEVATED TEMPERATURE 1-2 % less shrinkage when compared to PVC

ANTI-CORROSION Good chemical resistance under acidic and alkali conditions

RELATIVELY LOW COST

CPVC is reasonable priced when compared to other engineered thermoplastic materials



SEKISUI

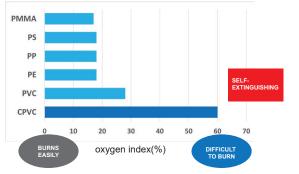
WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN CPVC AND PVC?

PVC (polyvinyl chloride) is a trusted thermoplastic often used for piping and fitting in residential and commercial building applications.

CPVC (chlorinated polyvinyl chloride) is a PVC homopolymer that is produced through a chlorination reaction involving either heat or light. Chlorine (Cl2) is added to the PVC and reacted through a basic free radical mechanism. See the figure below.

The resulting CPVC resin is more resistant to heat, pressure, and fire than the PVC it came from. The degree chlorination for CPVC is linked to this improved performance. For example, if the degree of chlorination is increased by 1%, HDT (heat deflection temperature) would likely increase 4-5%.

BURN RESISTANCE



When exposed to fire, Durastream CPVC will self extinguish under normal atmospheric condition. According to NASA, Earth's atmosphere is composed of 21% oxygen. Durastream CPVC will self extinguish under normal atmospheric conditions because CPVC needs approximately 60% oxygen content to continuing burning. Durastream CPVC also resists ignition for these same reasons.

PVC

Oxygen Index Testing

This test is used to determine the flammability of plastics by comparing the limiting oxygen index (LOI).

Note that the flame retardancy improves by increasing chlorine contents; the LOI of CPVC is double that of PVC.

FLAMMABILITY AND FLAME SPREAD

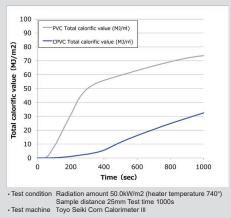
The flammability of Durastream CPVC has been tested and trusted for many years in fire sprinkler pipes, aircrafts sheeting, and window profiles.

Durastream CPVC has achieved the highest rating of V-0 under the UL 94 flammalbilty standards. The V-0 rating indicates the speciment did not burn with flaming combustion for more than 10 seconds after either application of the test flame.

Plastic	JIS standard	UL94
Plastic	oxygen index(%)	Combustion test
CPVC	60	V-0
PVC	28-38 V-0	
PE	18-19	HB
PP	18-19	HB
PS	18-19	HB
PMMA	17-18	HB

FIRE PERFORMANCE

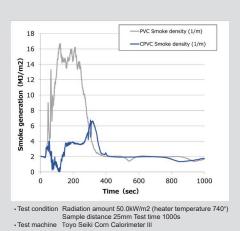
Calorific value is a measurement of total energy released as heat when a substance undergoes complete combustion with oxygen. CPVC has less calorific value than PVC and therefore improved flame retardancy, as can be seen by comparing both materials' ignition timing. PVC starts igniting after 40 seconds, whereas CPVC start after 335 seconds. Durastream CPVC also has lower smoke generation rates.



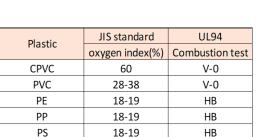
This data does not guarantee performance. It represents the actual values measured







This data does not guarantee performance. It represents the actual values measured.



LIGHT or HEAT

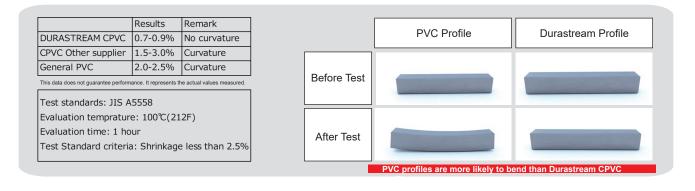
Durastream

CPVC

WEATHER INDUCED DEFORMATION

Building profiles used in window frames, siding, decks, and fences are exposed to the elements; temperatures rise during the day and fall at the night. Due to this temperature cycle, the mold profile expands and shrinks daily, causing damage and degradation of the profile over time.

Drawing on decades of experience and testing, Durastream CPVC products utilize a unique blending technology that mitigates shrinking and bending.



HEAT STORAGE AND EXTERIOR APPLICATIONS

As mentioned previously, profiles used in window frames, siding, decks, and fences are at risk for deformation due to daily and yearly heat variances. Thermoplastics that absorb or store this heat will undergo greater deformation.

The testing below demonstrates Durastream CPVC's lower heat absorption rate when compared to competitor CPVC compounds. This feature is one of many competitive benefits of Durastream CPVC compound.

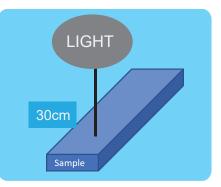
Evaluation Light source C Temperature measurement instrument I Distance between Light- Sample

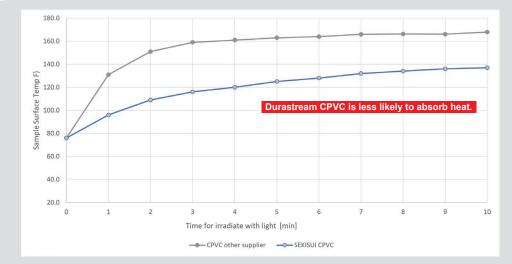
3 Infrared lamp Non-Contact Thermometer 30cm

Test process

- ① Irradiate the sample with a light source at distance of 30cm from the top
- 2 Measure the sample surface temperature every minute

③ Irradiate for 10 minutes and complete



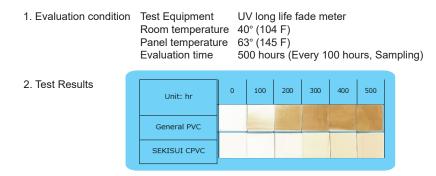


This data does not guarantee performance. It represents the actual values measured.

WEATHERABILITY

UV Exposure

Profiles and siding used on building exteriors can also become discolored or deteriorated due to heat and UV exposure. Through extensive testing and development, SEKISUI has developed Durastream CPVC to be more color stable than competitor materials, even in direct sunlight and heat. Durastream CPVC is also compatible with other thermoplastics commonly used for outdoor applications.

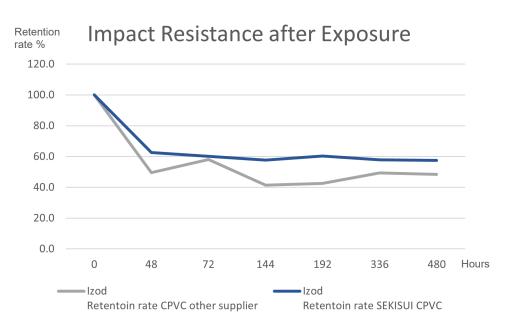


Test of impact strength

Continuous exposure to ultraviolet rays can cause damage to the integrity of the thermoplastic in use. Beyond discoloration, the material can also become brittle and more prone to failure. Impact resistance retention rate (IZOD) is a great method to measure and compare the level of deterioration and structural integrity of any material. This evaluation recreates continuous exposure to sunlight, and higher retention rate imply less deterioration and higher remaining impact strength. Results clearly show Durastream CPVC maintains impact strength better than competitor materials in continuous sunlight.

1. Test condition	Test Equipment	Dew Panel Light control weather meter
	Cycle	Irradiation - Wet 4-hour cycle
	Panel temperature	63° (145F)
	Evaluation time	480 hours

2. Impact resistance after exposure



This data does not guarantee performance. It represents the actual values measured.